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## Inequalities Questions for RBI Asst. Pre, IBPS Clerk Pre and SBI Clerk Pre Exams

### Inequalities Quiz 33

**Directions (1-5):** In this questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusions and give answer accordingly.

1. **Statements:**  $J = K > M = L; N = M$

**Conclusions:** I.  $J > N$  II.  $L > N$

A. If only conclusion I is true. B. If both conclusion I and II are true.

C. If neither conclusion I nor II is true. D. If either conclusion I or II is true.

E. If only conclusion II is true.

2. **Statements:**  $A \geq W = B \leq X; Z \geq X$

**Conclusions:** I.  $A \geq B$  II.  $Z \geq B$

A. If only conclusion I is true. B. If both conclusion I and II are true.

C. If neither conclusion I nor II is true. D. If either conclusion I or II is true.

E. If only conclusion II is true.

3. **Statements:**  $P \geq Q \leq R > S; S \geq T$

**Conclusions:** I.  $T > R$  II.  $S > P$

A. If only conclusion I is true. B. If both conclusion I and II are true.

C. If neither conclusion I nor II is true. D. If either conclusion I or II is true.

E. If only conclusion II is true.

4. **Statements:**  $A > C > B = D$ ;  $F \leq D$

**Conclusions:** I.  $F > A$  II.  $A > F$

A. If only conclusion I is true.

B. If both conclusion I and II are true.

C. If neither conclusion I nor II is true.

D. If either conclusion I or II is true.

E. If only conclusion II is true.

5. **Statements:**  $J \geq K \geq L \geq M$ ;  $M \geq N$

**Conclusions:** I.  $J > N$  II.  $J = N$

A. If only conclusion I is true.

B. If both conclusion I and II are true.

C. If neither conclusion I nor II is true.

D. If either conclusion I or II is true.

E. If only conclusion II is true.

6. Which of the following symbols when filled from left to right in the blanks will make conclusions "B < E" definitely true?

$A < B$  \_  $C \leq D$  \_  $E > F$

A.  $\leq, <$

B.  $<, <$

C.  $>, \leq$

D.  $>, =$

E. Both options A and B

7. Which of the following symbols when filled from left to right in the blanks will make conclusions "S > P" definitely true?

$P$  \_  $Q < R$  \_  $S > T > U$

A.  $>, >$

B.  $<, <$

C.  $>, \leq$

D.  $>, =$

E. None of these



8. Which of the following symbols when filled from left to right in the blanks will make conclusions "M = K" definitely true?

$$J > K \_ L \_ M < N > O$$

A. >, >

B. <, <

C. =, =

D. >, =

E. None of these

9. Which of the following symbols when filled from left to right in the blanks will make conclusions "U ≤ Y" definitely true?

$$T > U \_ V \leq W \leq X \_ Y$$

A. ≤, ≤

B. <, <

C. ≥, ≥

D. >, =

E. None of these

10. Which of the following symbols when filled from left to right in the blanks will make conclusions "M ≤ Z" definitely true?

$$L > M \_ P \_ Z > C \leq D$$

A. ≤, ≤

B. <, <

C. ≤, ≤

D. <, =

E. None of the



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**Correct Answers:**

<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>
A	B	C	E	D	E	B	C	A	C

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## Explanation:

### 1. Given statements:

$$J = K > M = L \dots \text{ (i)}$$

$$N = M \dots \text{ (ii)}$$

Combining (i) and (ii), we get

$$J = K > M = L = N \dots \text{ (iii)}$$

Conclusion 1: From (iii), we get  $J > N$  is true. Thus, Conclusion 1 follows.

Conclusion 2: From (iii), we get  $L > N$  is not true. It is clear that  $L = N$ . Thus, Conclusion 2 does not follow.

Hence, option A is correct answer.

### 2. Given statements:

$$A \geq W = B \leq X \leq Z \dots \text{ (i)}$$

$$X \leq Z \dots \text{ (ii)}$$

Combining (i) and (ii), we get

$$A \geq W = B \leq X \leq Z \dots \text{ (iii)}$$

Conclusion 1: From (iii), we get  $A \geq B$  is true. Thus, Conclusion 1 follows.

Conclusion 2: From (iii), we get  $Z \geq B$  is true. Thus, Conclusion 2 also follows.

Hence, option B is correct answer.

### 3. Given statements:

$$P \geq Q \leq R > S \dots \text{ (i)}$$

$$S \geq T \dots \text{ (ii)}$$



Combining (i) and (ii), we get

$$P \geq Q \leq R > S \geq T \dots \text{(iii)}$$

Conclusion 1: From (iii), we get  $T > R$  is not true. Thus, Conclusion 1 does not follow.

Conclusion 2: From (iii), we get  $S > P$  is not true. Thus, Conclusion 2 does not follow.

Hence, option C is correct answer.

**4. Given statements:**

$$A > C > B = D \dots \text{(i)}$$

$$F \leq D \dots \text{(ii)}$$

Combining (i) and (ii), we get

$$A > C > B = D \geq F \dots \text{(iii)}$$

Conclusion 1: From (iii), we get  $F > A$  is not true. It is clear that  $C > F$  and  $C < A$  so  $F < A$ . Thus, Conclusion 1 does not follow.

Conclusion 2: From (iii), we get  $A > F$  is true. It is clear that  $C > F$  and  $C < A$  so  $F < A$ . Thus, Conclusion 2 follows.

Hence, option E is correct answer.

**5. Given statements:**

$$J \geq K \geq L \geq M \dots \text{(i)}$$

$$M \geq N \dots \text{(ii)}$$

Combining (i) and (ii), we get

$$J \geq K \geq L \geq M \geq N \dots \text{(iii)}$$

Conclusion 1: From (iii), we get  $J > N$  is not true, because it is clear J is either equal or greater than N. Thus, Conclusion 1 does not follow alone.

Conclusion 2: From (iii), we get  $J = N$  is not true, because it is clear  $J$  is either equal or greater than  $N$ . Thus, Conclusion 2 does not follow alone.

So we get either conclusion I or II follows.

Hence, option D is correct answer.

**6.** Checking option A:

$$A < B \leq C \leq D < E > F,$$

Clearly we get  $E > B$  from option A. Hence option A is true.

Checking option B:

$$A < B < C \leq D < E > F$$

The common sign between B and E is '<', thus  $B < E$  is true.

Hence option B is also true.

So we get option E "Both options A and B" right answer.

**7.** Checking option A:

$$P > Q < R > S > T > U$$

Clearly we get, both signs < and > between P and S from option A. Thus no relation is possible between S and P. Hence option A is not true.

Checking option B:

$$P < Q < R < S > T > U$$

The common sign between P and S is '<', thus  $P < S$  is true.

Hence option B is true.

8. Checking option A:

$$J > K > L > M < N > O$$

Clearly we get, the common sign between K and M is '>', makes  $K > M$ . Hence option A is not true.

Checking option B:

$$J > K < L < M < N > O$$

The common sign between K and M is '<', makes  $K < M$ . Hence option B is not true.

Checking option C:

$$J > K = L = M < N > O$$

The common sign between K and M is '=', makes  $K = M$ . Hence option C is true.

9. Checking option A:

$$T > U \leq V \leq W \leq X \leq Y$$

Clearly we get  $U \leq Y$  from option A. Because the common sign between U and Y is ' $\leq$ ', thus  $U \leq Y$  is true.

Hence option A is true.

10. Checking option A:

$L > M \leq P < Z > C \leq D$   $P < Z$  and  $M \leq P$  that means  $M < Z$ , thus  $M \leq Z$  is not definitely true. Hence option A is not true.

Checking option B:

$$L > M < P < Z > C \leq D$$

The common sign between M and Z is '<', thus  $M < Z$ . Hence option B is not true.

Checking option C:

$L > M \leq P \leq Z > C \leq D$  The common sign between M and Z is ' $\leq$ ', thus ' $M \leq Z$ ' is true.

Hence option C is true.

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